

# Humanitarian Assistance and Resilience Programme Facility



## **LOCALISATION IN PRACTICE**

- Supported 131 grants to different community groups across Nothern Shan and South East which were discovered by the Participatory Action Learning in Crisis (PALC) facilitators from the partner organizations.
- Coordination mechanisms of the frontline responders, which were already there before the NGOs exist, were also enhanced and broadened their reach and consistency.





# PREREQUISITES TO LOCALISATION

- Advocating the donors to make the systems and mechanisms flexible and accessible for the frontline responders, local and community based organizations.
- To unlearn what you have kept at the back of your head for several years.
- Open your mind to learn the survival methods of each different community that were practised long before the NGOs are there. Prepare yourself.
- Try to bridge yourselves between the donor systems and community of practices.
- Trust building in different levels with various stakeholders.
- Appreciative enquiries can support you in reaching out to different groups in the community who have supported them selves to survive different harsh environments. (Conflicts, environmental & land issues, political and economic oppressions, etc...)





## **LESSONS LEARNED FROM SCLR METHOD**

### **Positive points**

- Facilitation skill is vital
- Easy Prioritization of the pressing needs of the community in a short period.
- Enabling the communities and local groups to connect, strengthen network building and capacity sharing at the very grass root level
- Reshaping of the relationships between INGO, L/NNGO, CSOs and communities

#### Lessons

- Trust
- Time frame of the implementation period can have impact on the result.
- Community led participatory monitoring and accountability enhancement mechanisms.
- Prerequisites/predeterminations
- Cluster/sector approach



